

Iowa Influenza Surveillance Network (IISN)

Influenza-like Illness (ILI) and Other Respiratory Viruses

Weekly Activity Report

For the week ending November 29, 2014 - Week 48

All data presented in this report are provisional and may change as additional reports are received



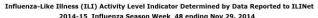
Quick Stats				
Percent of outpatient visits for ILI ¹	0.38 % (baseline 1.7%)			
Percent of influenza rapid test positive	13.3% (79/594)			
Percent of RSV rapid tests positive	3.1% (4/131)			
Percent school absence due to illness*	2.9%			
Number of schools with ≥10% absence due to illness	1			
Influenza-associated hospitalizations**	18/4,016 inpatients surveyed			
Influenza-associated pediatric mortality	0			
¹ ILI: Influenza-like Illness is defined as a fever of ≥100° F as well as cough and/or sore throat. *Percent school absence due to liness are reported through a weekly survey of lowa sentinel schools *Hospitalizations due to influenza are voluntarily reported through a weekly survey of lowa sentinel hospitals				

Iowa Influenza Geographic Spread ²					
No Activity					
Sporadic					
Local					
Regional					
Widespread					
² This is based on CDC's activity estimates definition <u>www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/overview.htm</u>					

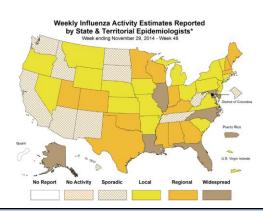
lowa statewide activity summary:

Influenza activity in Iowa is still increasing. For this reporting week, IDPH investigated one influenza long-term care outbreak and one school reported 10 percent or greater absenteeism due to illness. The State Hygienic Laboratory confirmed 29 flu A (H3N2), one flu A (2009 H1N1), one flu B (Victoria lineage) and five flu A (pending subtype) cases. The proportion of outpatient visits due to influenza-like illness (ILI) increased to 0.38 percent, which is well below the regional baseline. Eighteen influenza-associated hospitalizations were reported from sentinel hospitals. In addition, one case of adenovirus, nine cases of parainfluenza virus type 2, three cases of parainfluenza virus type 3, one case of parainfluenza virus type 4, one case of RSV, and 20 cases of rhinovirus/enterovirus were reported to IDPH.

National activity summary - (CDC):







Synopsis: During week 48 (November 23-29, 2014), influenza activity increased in the United States.

Viral Surveillance: Of 13,398 specimens tested and reported by U.S. World Health Organization (WHO) and National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS) collaborating laboratories during week 48, 2,274 (17.0%) were positive for influenza. Pneumonia and Influenza Mortality: The proportion of deaths attributed to pneumonia and influenza (P&I) was below the epidemic threshold.

Influenza-associated Pediatric Deaths: No influenza-associated pediatric deaths were reported.

Influenza-associated Hospitalizations: A cumulative rate for the season of 1.8 laboratory-confirmed influenza-associated hospitalizations per 100,000 population was reported.

Outpatient Illness Surveillance: The proportion of outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) was 2.6%, above the national baseline of 2.0%. Eight of 10 regions reported ILI at or above region-specific baseline levels. Puerto Rico and six states experienced high ILI activity; one state experienced moderate ILI activity; five states experienced low ILI activity; New York City and 38 states experienced minimal ILI activity; and the District of Columbia had insufficient data.

Geographic Spread of Influenza: The geographic spread of influenza in Puerto Rico and six states was reported as widespread; 14 states reported regional activity; the U.S. Virgin Islands and 19 states reported local activity; the District of Columbia and 11 states reported sporadic activity; and Guam did not report.

Detailed information can be found online at www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/

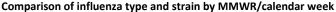
International activity summary - (WHO):

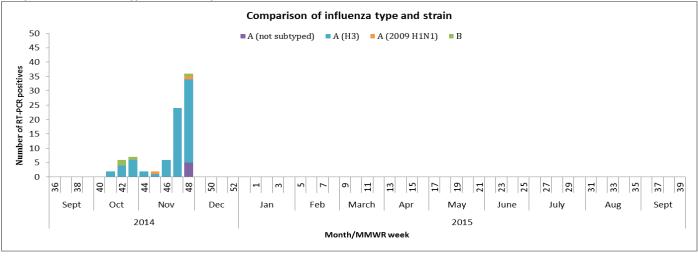
Globally, influenza activity remained low, with the exception of some Pacific Islands. Detailed information can be found online at www.who.int/influenza/surveillance monitoring/updates/latest update GIP surveillance/en/.

<u>Laboratory surveillance program:</u>

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) is the primary lab for influenza testing and reporting in Iowa. SHL reports the number of tests performed and the type and strain of positive tests to the influenza surveillance network several times every week. In addition, SHL surveys clinical and reference labs for the number of rapid-antigen tests performed and number positive weekly. This report also includes the positive non-influenza virus tests reported from SHL, the Dunes Medical Laboratories at Mercy Medical Center in Sioux City, and Iowa Methodist Medical Center in Des Moines.

Table 1 could not be included due to technical difficulties. Table 1 will be included in next week's report. Sorry for any inconvenience. For this reporting week, SHL detected 29 A (H3N2), one A (2009 H1N1), one Flu B (Victoria lineage) and five A (pending subtype).



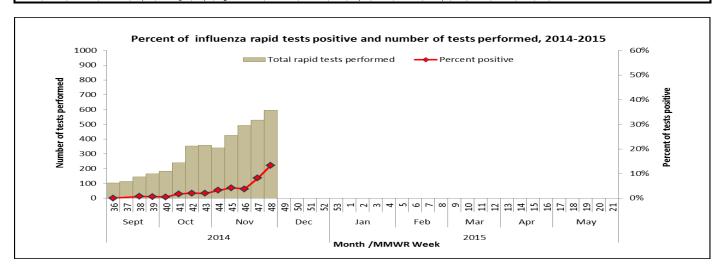


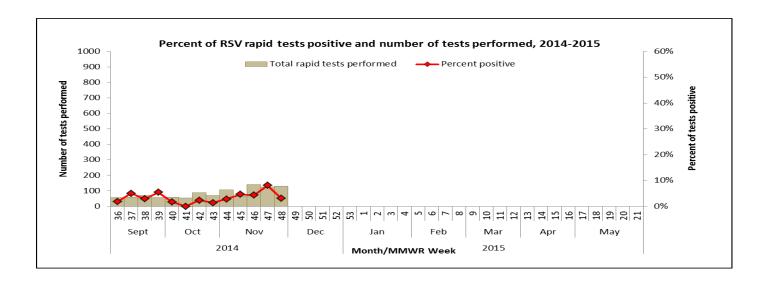
Rapid influenza and RSV test surveillance:

The State Hygienic Laboratory (SHL) runs a weekly web-based survey program where laboratorians report the number of influenza and respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) rapid tests performed and the number of tests positive. This table includes only the number of patients tested for influenza or RSV at laboratory surveillance sites throughout the state. This table does not provide case counts.

REGION*	RAPID ANTIGEN INFLUENZA TESTS					RAPID ANTIGEN RSV TESTS			
REGION	Tested	Flu A	Flu B	Undefined	% Positive	Tested	Positive	% Positive	
Region 1	110	24	0	0	21.8	46	1	2.2	
Region 2	25	1	0	1	8.0	3	1	33.3	
Region 3	100	22	0	0	22.0	13	0	0.0	
Region 4	27	0	0	0	0.0	7	1	14.3	
Region 5	81	9	1	0	12.3	21	1	4.8	
Region 6	251	16	5	0	8.4	41	0	0.0	
Total	594	72	6	1	13.3	131	4	3.1	

*Region 1- Boone, Calhoun, Carroll, Dallas, Greene, Grundy, Hamilton, Hardin, Jasper, Marshall, Polk, Poweshiek, Story, Tama, Warren, Webster; Region 2- Allamakee, Bremer, Butler, Cerro Gordo, Chickasaw, Emmet, Fayette, Floyd, Franklin, Hancock, Howard, Humboldt, Kossuth, Mitchell, Winnebago, Winneshiek, Worth, Wright; Region 3- Buena Vista, Cherokee, Clay, Crawford, Dickinson, Ida, Lyon, Monona, O'Brien, Osceola, Palo Alto, Plymouth, Pocahontas, Sac, Sioux, Woodbury; Region 4- Adairs, Audubon, Cass, Clarke, Decatur, Fremont, Guthrie, Harrison, Madison, Mills, Montgomery, Page, Pottawattamie, Ringgold, Shelby, Taylor, Union; Region 5- Appanoose, Davis, Des Moines, Henry, Jefferson, Keokuk, Lee, Louisa, Lucas, Mahaska, Marion, Monroe, Muscatine, Van Buren, Wapello, Washington, Wayne; Region 6- Benton, Black Hawk, Buchanan, Cedar, Clayton, Clinton, Delaware, Dubuque, Iowa, Jackson, Johnson, Jones, Linn, Scott.





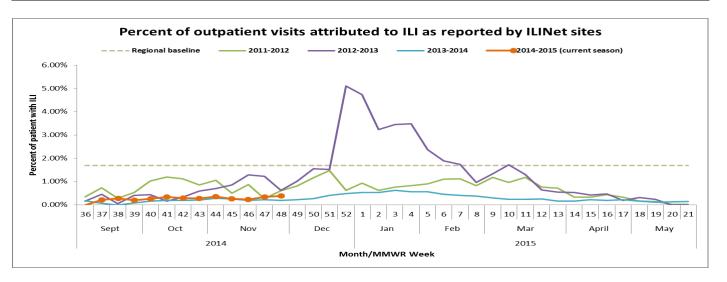
Non-influenza respiratory virus:

Table 3: Number of positive results for non-influenza respiratory virus isolated by SHL, Mercy Dunes in Sioux City and Iowa Methodist Medical Center				
Viruses	CURRENT WEEK	CUMULATIVE (9/1/14 – PRESENT WEEK)		
Adenovirus	1	77		
Parainfluenza Virus Type 1	0	1		
Parainfluenza Virus Type 2	9	57		
Parainfluenza Virus Type 3	3	12		
Parainfluenza Virus Type 4	1	7		
Rhinovirus/Enterovirus	20	407		
Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV)	1	5		
Human metapneumovirus (hMPV)	0	3		
Total	35	569		

Outpatient health care provider surveillance program (ILINet):

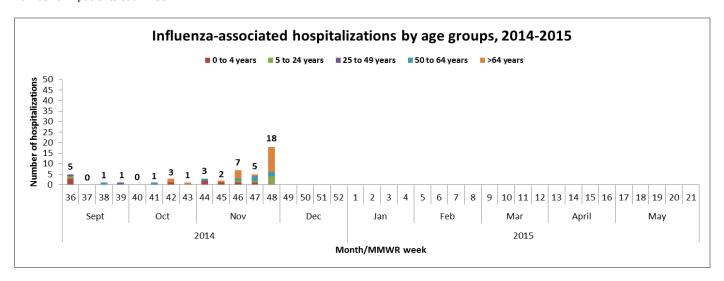
Outpatient health care providers who participate in the ILINet (a national influenza surveillance program) report the number of patients seen with influenza-like illness and the total number of patient visits each week. This system is a key part of lowa's influenza surveillance. Iowa health care providers interested in joining this surveillance program should contact Kemi Oni at 515-725-2136 or oluwakemi.oni@idph.iowa.gov for more information.

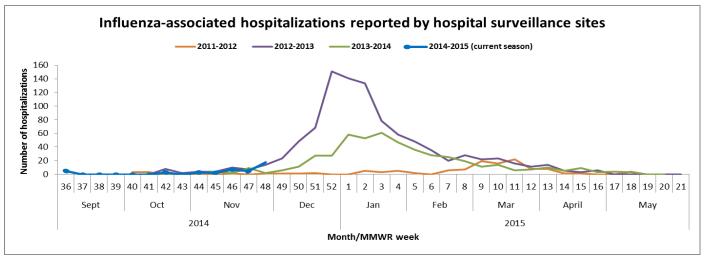
Table 4: Outpatient visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) – past 3 weeks							
Week	%ILI	Total ILI	Age 0-4	Age 5-24	Age 25-49	Age 50-64	Age >64
Week 46, ending Nov 15	0.22	74	13	43	14	3	1
Week 47, ending Nov 22	0.33	109	25	63	14	5	2
Week 48, ending Nov 29	0.38	92	19	54	16	3	0



Influenza-associated hospitalizations:

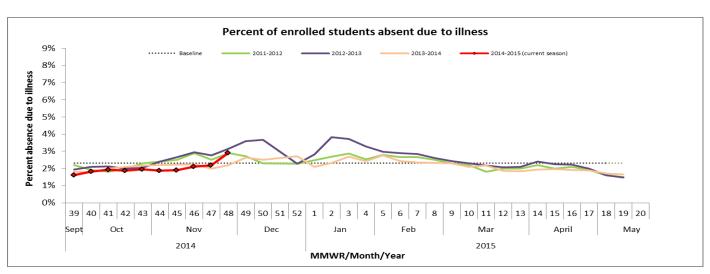
Sentinel hospitals that participate in IISN voluntarily track and report the number of influenza-associated hospitalizations and the total number of inpatients each week.





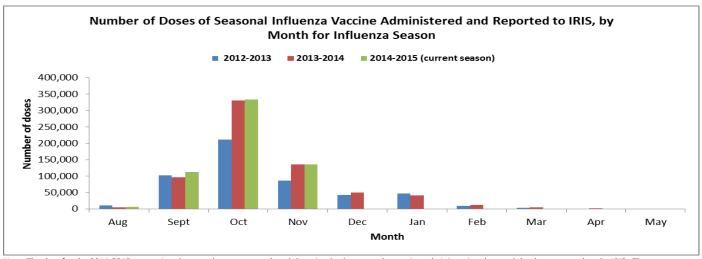
School surveillance program:

Sentinel schools that participate in IISN voluntarily track and report absence due to all illness (including non-influenza illnesses) and the total enrollment each week.



Seasonal influenza vaccination:

Seasonal influenza vaccination data in iowa is based on doses reported to the Iowa Immunization Registry Information System (IRIS). IRIS is a confidential, computerized, population-based system that tracks immunization for children, adolescents and adults who are seen in a variety of public and private healthcare provider sites throught the state of Iowa. For more information on the immunization data, contact Kim Tichy, IRIS coordinator at 515-281-4288 or kimberly.tichy@idph.iowa.gov



Note: The data for the 2014-2015 season is only up to the current week and there is a lag between the vaccine administration date and the date reported to the IRIS. The current season's data will be adjusted as additional data is received.

Other resources:

Vaccine:

Influenza vaccine recommendation: http://www.idph.state.ia.us/lmmTB/lmmunization.aspx?prog=lmm&pg=Flu

CDC vaccine information: http://www.cdc.gov/flu/faq/flu-vaccine-types.htm

Vaccine finder: http://vaccinefinder.org/

Neighboring states' influenza inforamtion:

Illinois: http://www.idph.state.il.us/flu/surveillance.htm

Minnesota: http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/idepc/diseases/flu/stats/index.html

Missouri: http://health.mo.gov/living/healthcondiseases/communicable/influenza/reports.php

South Dakota: http://doh.sd.gov/diseases/infectious/flu/

 $Wisconsin: \underline{www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/communicable/influenza/surveillance.htm}\\$

Google Flu Trends: http://www.google.org/flutrends/us/#US-IA